

# **Social Studies Department**

Elective Course: Latin American History

Developed by: Mrs Nicole David and Mr. Joseph Dwyer

Last Updated: July 2021

Scope and Sequence TBD

Month	Instructional Unit

	Unit 1
What is Latin America?	
Summa	ry and Rationale

Latin America is a region with diverse geographic characteristics. The physical and human characteristics of Latin America today were shaped by forces of the past, including migration, colonization, and economic activity. These modifications to the human and physical geography of Latin America have resulted in economic growth, cultural diversity, and challenges to the environment

## **Recommended Pacing**

Number of weeks 2

#### Standards

#### **Interdisciplinary Connections**

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Social	Studies

- 6.2.12.B.1.b Determine the role of natural resources, climate, and topography in European exploration, colonization, and settlement patterns.
- 6.2.8.B.4.f Explain how the geographies and climates of Asia, Africa, Europe, and the Americas influenced their economic development and interaction or isolation with other societies.

#### Language Arts

- RL.11-12.3. Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).
- RL.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (e.g., Shakespeare as well as other authors.)
- RL.11-12.5. Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.
- RL.11-12.6. Analyze a case in which grasping a point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).
- RL.11-12.9. Demonstrate knowledge of and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early twentieth-century foundational works of literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.

#### **Reading: Informational Text**

RI.11-12.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.), to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially, including determining where the text leaves

	matters uncertain.	
RI.11-12.3.	Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.	
RI.11-12.5.	Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.	
RI.11-12.9.	Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) documents of historical and literary significance for their themes, purposes and rhetorical features, including primary source documents relevant to U.S. and/or global history.	
Writing		
W.11-12.1.	Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. A. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. B. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies and using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases. C. Use transitions (e.g. words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims. D. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. E. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).	
W.11-12.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. A. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. B. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience knowledge of the topic. C. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the tex create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic. E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).	
W.11-12.3.	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. A. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events. B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. C. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution). D. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events,	

	setting, and/or characters. E. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.	
W.11-12.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	
W.11-12.5.	Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.	
W.11-12.6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.	
W.11-12.7.	Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	
W.11-12.10.	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes.	
Speaking and	Listening	
SL.11-12.2.	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.	
SL.11-12.4.	Present information, findings and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	
SL.11-12.5.	Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.	
Language		
L.11-12.1.	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.  A. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested.	
L.11-12.2.	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.  A. Observe hyphenation conventions.  B. Spell correctly.	
L.11-12.6.	Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.	
Social Justice		

ID.9-12.1	I have a positive view of myself, including an awareness of and comfort with my membership in multiple groups in society	
ID.9-12.2	I know my family history and cultural background and can describe how my own identity is informed and shaped by my membership in multiple identity groups.	
DI.9-12.6	I interact comfortably and respectfully with all people, whether they are similar to or different from me.	
JU.9-12.11	I relate to all people as individuals rather than representatives of groups and can identify stereotypes when I see on hear them.	
	Instru	ctional Focus
Enduring U	nderstandings:	Essential Questions:
The physical and human characteristics of Latin America today were shaped by forces of the past, including migration, colonization, revolution, and economic activity.		<ul> <li>How has geography impacted societal development?</li> <li>How do physical geography, human geography, and the human environment interact to influence or determine the development of cultures, societies, and nations?</li> </ul>
Inquiry Que		ion arouted diversity within the region and influenced
its cultures		ica created diversity within the region and influenced
Evidence of	Learning (Assessments)	
Formative as  Stere  Map  Guid  Summative a  Map	red Rac ssessments eotype Activity of Latin America ded Notes assessment Quiz	
Objectives (	SLO)	
Students will know: (Goals)  Students will be able to: (Teaching Points)		Students will be able to: (Teaching Points)

Geography influences needs, culture, opportunities, choices, interests, and skills.	Students will be able to identify the nations and physical features of Latin America on a blank map.	
•	Students will identify the different climate zones in Latin America and how each affects life in the regions.	
•	•	
Suggested Reso	urces/Technology Tools	
<ul> <li>Digital/Technology:         <ul> <li>Chromebooks</li> <li>Projector</li> <li>Relevant websites and digital sources</li> <li>G. Suite for Education</li> </ul> </li> <li>Text Resources:         <ul> <li>"Born in Blood and Fire" John Charles Chasteen</li> <li>"Sacred Rac"</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
21ST CENTURY LIFE AND CAREER STANDARDS		
<ul> <li>□ Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.</li> <li>□ Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.</li> <li>□ Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.</li> <li>□ Demonstrate creativity and innovation.</li> <li>□ Employ valid and reliable research strategies.</li> <li>□ Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.</li> <li>□ Model integrity, ethical leadership, and effective management.</li> <li>□ Use technology to enhance productivity.</li> </ul>		
Suggestions on integrating these standards can be found at: <a href="http://www.state.nj.us/education/cccs/2014/career/9.pdf">http://www.state.nj.us/education/cccs/2014/career/9.pdf</a>		

## Unit 2

## Early Civilizations

## Summary and Rationale

The early Latin American civilizations consist of four main cultures, Olmec, Maya, Aztec, and Inca. Each civilization experienced a time of cultural and intellectual achievement that produced lasting contributions in art, literature, and science. During the time period of the classical civilizations of Greece & Rome, there were advanced societies developing in the Americas. These civilizations are some of the greatest ancient civilizations in history, and yet we know very little about them compared to other parts of the world.

## **Recommended Pacing**

Number of weeks 7

## Standards

#### **Interdisciplinary Connections**

Castal	C4 d!
Social	Studies

Social Studies		
6.2.8.A.1.a	Compare and contrast the social organization, natural resources, and land use of early hunters/gatherers and those who lived in early agrarian societies	
6.2.8.B.1.a	Explain the various migratory patterns of hunters/gatherers that moved from Africa to Eurasia, Australia, and the Americas, and describe the impact of migration on their lives and on the shaping of societies.	
6.2.8.C.1.a	Describe the influence of the agricultural revolution (e.g., the impact of food surplus from farming) on population growth and the subsequent development of civilizations.	
6.2.8.D.1.b	Describe how the development of both written and unwritten languages impacted human understanding, development of culture, and social structure	
6.2.8.D.1.c	Explain how archaeological discoveries are used to develop and enhance understanding of life prior to written records.	
6.2.8.B.4.e	Analyze the motivations for civilizations to modify the environment, determine the positive and negative consequences of environmental changes made during this time period, and relate these changes to current environmental challenges	
6.2.8.B.4.f	Explain how the geographies and climates of Asia, Africa, Europe, and the Americas influenced their economic development and interaction or isolation with other societies.	
6.2.8.C.4.a	Explain how and why the interrelationships among improved agricultural production, population growth, urbanization, and commercialization led to the rise of powerful states and kingdoms (i.e., Europe, Asia, Americas).	

6.2.8.D.4. a	Analyze the role of religion and economics in shaping each empire's social hierarchy, and evaluate the impact these hierarchical structures had on the lives of various groups of people.	
6.2.8.D.4.g	Evaluate the importance and enduring legacy of the major achievements of the people living Asia, Africa (Islam), Europe and the Americas over time.	
Language Art	s	
RL.11-12.3.	Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).	
RL.11-12.4.	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (e.g., Shakespeare as well as other authors.)	
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RL.11-12.9.	Demonstrate knowledge of and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early twentieth-century foundational works of literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.	
Reading: Info	rmational Text	
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L.11-12.6.	Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.		
Social Justic	e		
DI.9-12.8	I respectfully express curiosity about the history and lived experiences of others and exchange ideas and beliefs in an open-minded way.		
Instructional Focus			
Enduring Understandings: Essent		Essential Questions:	
The physical and human characteristics of Latin America today were shaped by forces of the past, including migration, colonization, revolution, and economic activity.		How does the history of a nation help to shape its modern culture?	
Inquiry Question(s):			

## What were the achievements of the early Latin American civilizations?

#### **Evidence of Learning (Assessments)**

Pre-assessment

Formative assessments

- Guided notes
- Arawi Morena mia (poem, translated from Quechua)
- Early Civilizations Presentations

Summative assessment

• Early Civilizations Assessment

## **Objectives (SLO)**

Students will know: (Goals)	Students will be able to: (Teaching Points)
The achievements of the Maya, Aztec, and Inca civilizations	Students will identify the significance of major Pre-Columbian societies (Mayan, Aztec, Inca) and what made them successful.
The Maya, Aztec, and Inca civilizations influenced modern-day Latin American culture	accomplishments of the civilization
•	way of life of the ancient people, including beliefs, and religion, social structure, occupations, past times
	influence on present-day Latin American culture

# Suggested Resources/Technology Tools

- Digital/Technology:
  - o Chromebooks
  - Projector
  - Relevant websites and digital sources
  - o G. Suite for Education
- Text Resources:

o "Born in Blood and Fire" John Charles Chasteen

☐ Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.

Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.

- o "Before Columbus: The Americas of 1491" Charles C. Mann
- o "1491: New Revelations of the Americas Before Columbus" Charles C. Mann
- o Arawi Morena mia (poem, translated from Quechua) Book: Voces de Hispanoamerica p. 21

## 21ST CENTURY LIFE AND CAREER STANDARDS

<ul> <li>□ Demonstrate creativity and innovation.</li> <li>□ Employ valid and reliable research strategies.</li> <li>□ Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.</li> <li>□ Model integrity, ethical leadership, and effective management.</li> <li>□ Use technology to enhance productivity.</li> </ul> Suggestions on integrating these standards can be found at: <a href="http://www.state.nj.us/education/cccs/2014/career/9.pdf">http://www.state.nj.us/education/cccs/2014/career/9.pdf</a>			
Unit 3			
Conquest and Colonization			
Summary and Rationale			
Background information on why this unit is important to teach and how it fits into the sequence.			
Great civilizations developed independently in the Americas, but were conquered by European powers after the Age of Exploration. The New World developed a unique hybrid culture called "Latin American".			
Recommended Pacing			
Number of weeks 9			
Standards			
Interdisciplinary Connections			
Social Studies			

6.2.12.A.1.a	Compare and contrast the motivations for and methods by which various empires (e.g., Ming, Qing, Spanish, Mughal, Ottoman) expanded, and assess why some were more effective than others in maintaining control of their empires.	
6.2.12.B.1.a	Explain major changes in world political boundaries between 1450 and 1770, and assess the extent of European political and military control in Africa, Asia, and the Americas by the mid-18th century.	
6.2.12.B.1.b	Determine the role of natural resources, climate, and topography in European exploration, colonization, and settlement patterns.	
6.2.12.C.1.b	Trace the movement of essential commodities (e.g., sugar, cotton) from Asia to Europe to America, and determine the impact trade on the New World's economy and society.	
6.2.12.C.1.c	Assess the role of mercantilism in stimulating European expansion through trade, conquest, and colonization	
6.2.12.C.1.d	Determine the effects of increased global trade and the importation of gold and silver from the New World on inflation in Europe, Southwest Asia, and Africa	
6.2.12.D.1.a	Assess the political, social, and economic impact of the Columbian Exchange (e.g., plants, animals, ideas, pathogens) on Europeans and Native Americans.	
6.2.12.D.1.b	Compare slavery practices and other forms of coerced labor or social bondage common in East Africa, West Africa, Southwest Asia, Europe, and the Americas.	
6.2.12.D.1.c	Analyze various motivations for the Atlantic slave trade and the impact on Europeans, Africans, and Americans.	
6.2.12.D.1.d	Explain how the new social stratification created by voluntary and coerced interactions among Native Americans, Africans, and Europeans in Spanish colonies laid the foundation for conflict	
6.2.12.D.1.e	Assess the impact of economic, political, and social policies and practices regarding African slaves, indigenous peoples, and Europeans in the Spanish and Portuguese colonies	
6.2.12.D.1.f	Analyze the political, cultural, and moral role of Catholic and Protestant Christianity in the European colonies.	
Language Art	s	
RL.11-12.3.	Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).	
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RL.11-12.6.	Analyze a case in which grasping a point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).	

RL.11-12.9.	Demonstrate knowledge of and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early twentieth-century foundational works of literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.	
Reading: Info	ormational Text	
RI.11-12.1.	Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.), to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	
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Writing		
W.11-12.1.	Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. A. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. B. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies and using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases. C. Use transitions (e.g. words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims. D. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. E. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).	
W.11-12.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. A. Introduce a topic; organization complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when usef aiding comprehension. B. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audic knowledge of the topic. C. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity the topic. E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they writing. F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).	

W.11-12.3.	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. A. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events. B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. C. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution). D. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters. E. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.	
W.11-12.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	
W.11-12.5.	Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.	
W.11-12.6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.	
W.11-12.7.	Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	
W.11-12.10.	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes.	
Speaking and	Listening	
SL.11-12.2.	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.	
SL.11-12.4.	Present information, findings and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	
SL.11-12.5.	Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.	
Language		
L.11-12.1.	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.  A. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested.	
L.11-12.2.	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.  A. Observe hyphenation conventions.	

Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.    Instructional Focus		B. Spell correctly.			
The physical and human characteristics of Latin America today were shaped by forces of the past, including migration, colonization, revolution, and economic activity.      Language reflects historical changes and cultural differences.      What were the motivations behind exploration? How were voyages possible?      How did empires use their colonies for their own gain?      How did social structure contribute to discontent in Latin America?      What was the Encomienda system? Discuss the importance of the Encomienda in the expansion of Spanish settlement. Explain how the Encomienda system affected the Native American populations      What was the decline and fall of the Encomienda system in Latin America? Identify and explain the nature of the system that took its place.  What were the overall effects of colonial rule on Native American societies?  What was the impact of religion on populations as well as the colonial government and society?  To what extent is settlement and conquest	L.11-12.6.	writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering			
<ul> <li>The physical and human characteristics of Latin America today were shaped by forces of the past, including migration, colonization, revolution, and economic activity.</li> <li>Language reflects historical changes and cultural differences.</li> <li>What were the motivations behind exploration? How were voyages possible?</li> <li>How did empires use their colonies for their own gain?</li> <li>How did social structure contribute to discontent in Latin America?</li> <li>What was the Encomienda system? Discuss the importance of the Encomienda in the expansion of Spanish settlement. Explain how the Encomienda system affected the Native American populations</li> <li>What was the decline and fall of the Encomienda system in Latin America? Identify and explain the nature of the system that took its place.</li> <li>What were the overall effects of colonial rule on Native American societies?</li> <li>What was the impact of religion on populations as well as the colonial government and society?</li> <li>To what extent is settlement and conquest</li> </ul>		Instru	ctional Focus		
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How does time and place in history influence language?	Latin of the revolu	Latin America today were shaped by forces of the past, including migration, colonization, revolution, and economic activity.  Language reflects historical changes and cultural differences.  How did empires use their colonies for their own gain?  How did social structure contribute to discontent in Latin America?  What was the Encomienda system? Discuss the importance of the Encomienda in the expansion of Spanish settlement. Explain how the Encomienda system affected the Native American populations  What was the decline and fall of the Encomienda system in Latin America? Identify and explain the nature of the system that took its place.  What were the verall effects of colonial rule on Native American societies?  What was the impact of religion on populations as well as the colonial government and society?  To what extent is settlement and conquest justified?			

### Was overseas expansion justified?

- What were the reasons for the European conquest of Latin America?
- What were the effects of the European conquest on Native Americans?

#### **Evidence of Learning (Assessments)**

#### Pre-assessment

• "The Spaniards could execute the revolution's leader, but they could not kill its spirit." - students will discuss this statement, determine its meaning, and predict what it means for Latin American independence

#### Formative assessments

- Guided Notes
- Andres Bello: Autonomia cultural de America (Voces p. 107 & 108)
- Esteban Echeverria: El matadero (Voces p. 136-148)
- Slavery in Brazil DBQ
- Reaction Paper to "The Mission"

#### Summative assessment

• Socratic Seminar - was the overall impact of the European conquest on Native Americans positive or negative?

### **Objectives (SLO)**

Students will know: (Goals)	Students will be able to: (Teaching Points)
The role natural resources play in a nation's economy	Demonstrate empathy towards Native Americans ‰
The reasons for the European conquest of Latin America	Draw conclusions from thematic maps
The effects of the European conquest on Native Americans	Make generalizations about each region's culture
	Identify significance of European conquest
	Understand consequence of European conquest

# Suggested Resources/Technology Tools

- Digital/Technology:
  - o Chromebooks
  - Projector
  - Relevant websites and digital sources
  - o G. Suite for Education
- Text Resources:

- o "Born in Blood and Fire" John Charles Chasteen
- "Born in Blood and Fire" Latin American Voices Reader John Charles Chasteen
- o "Before Columbus: The Americas of 1491" Charles C. Mann
- o "1491: New Revelations of the Americas Before Columbus" Charles C. Mann
- o "Colonial Latin America: A Documentary History" Kenneth Mills, William Taylor & Sandra Lauderdale Graham
- o "Autonomia cultural de America" Andres Bello (Voces p. 107 & 108)
- Esteban Echeverria: El matadero (Voces p. 136-148)
- Films:
  - When Worlds Collide: The Untold Story of the Americas After Columbus
  - The Magnificent Voyage of Christopher Columbus
  - o National Geographic Special Presentation: Guns, Germs, and Steel

#### 21ST CENTURY LIFE AND CAREER STANDARDS

☐ Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.
☐ Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
☐ Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
☐ Demonstrate creativity and innovation.
☐ Employ valid and reliable research strategies.
☐ Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
☐ Model integrity, ethical leadership, and effective management.
☐ Use technology to enhance productivity.

Suggestions on integrating these standards can be found at: <a href="http://www.state.nj.us/education/cccs/2014/career/9.pdf">http://www.state.nj.us/education/cccs/2014/career/9.pdf</a>

#### Unit 4

Wars of Independence/Post Colonialism

## Summary and Rationale

During the late 18th and early 19th century the people of Latin America began fighting for independence as a result of their discontent of the economic, political, and social conditions created by colonization. This unit examines the origins, development and consequences of independence movements and national development in post-colonial Latin America.

## **Recommended Pacing**

Number of we	Number of weeks 6		
	Standards		
Interdisciplina	ary Connections		
Social Studies			
6.2.12.A.3.a	Explain how and why various ideals (e.g., liberty, popular sovereignty, natural rights, democracy, nationalism) became driving forces for reforms and revolutions, their influence on Latin American independence movements, and evaluate their impact on government, society, and economic opportunities		
6.2.12.A.3.b	Relate the responses of various governments to pressure for self-government or self-determination to subsequent reform or revolution.		
6.2.12.B.3.b	Relate the role of geography to the spread of independence movements in Latin America		
6.2.12.C.3.e	Compare the impact of imperialism on economic development in Africa, Asia, and Latin America regarding barriers or opportunities for future development and political independence.		
6.2.12.D.3.a	Explain how individuals and groups promoted revolutionary actions and brought about change during this time period		
6.2.12.D.3.b	Explain how industrialization and urbanization affected class structure, family life, the daily lives of men, women, and children, and the environment.		
6.2.12.D.3.d	Analyze the extent to which racism was both a cause and consequence of imperialism, and evaluate the impact of imperialism from multiple perspectives		
6.2.12.D.3.e	Analyze the impact of the policies of different European colonizers on indigenous societies, and explain the responses of these societies to imperialistic rule.		
Language Arts			
RL.11-12.3.	Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).		
RL.11-12.4.	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (e.g., Shakespeare as well as other authors.)		
RL.11-12.5.	Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.		
RL.11-12.6.	Analyze a case in which grasping a point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from		

	what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).	
RL.11-12.9.	Demonstrate knowledge of and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early twentieth-century foundational works of literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.	
Reading: Info	ormational Text	
RI.11-12.1.	Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.), to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	
RI.11-12.3.	Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.	
RI.11-12.5.	Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.	
RI.11-12.9.	Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) documents of historical and literary significance for their themes, purposes and rhetorical features, including primary source documents relevant to U.S. and/or global history.	
Writing		
W.11-12.1.	Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. A. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. B. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies and using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases. C. Use transitions (e.g. words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims. D. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. E. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).	
W.11-12.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. A. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. B. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience' knowledge of the topic. C. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic. E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are	

	writing. F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).	
W.11-12.3.	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. A. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events. B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. C. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution). D. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters. E. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.	
W.11-12.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	
W.11-12.5.	Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.	
W.11-12.6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.	
W.11-12.7.	Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	
W.11-12.10.	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes.	
Speaking and	Listening	
SL.11-12.2.	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.	
SL.11-12.4.	Present information, findings and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	
SL.11-12.5.	Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.	
Language		
L.11-12.1.	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.  A. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested.	
L.11-12.2.	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when	

	writing. A. Observe hyphenation conventions.	
	B. Spell correctly.	
L.11-12.6.	writing, speaking, and listening at the colle	ic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, ge and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
Social Justice		
ID.9-12.2	I know my family history and cultural back by my membership in multiple identity gro	ground and can describe how my own identity is informed and shaped ups.
	Instru	ctional Focus
Enduring Understandings:		Essential Questions:
The physical and human characteristics of Latin America today were shaped by forces of the past, including migration, colonization, revolution, and economic activity.		Why do revolutions occur in specific historical moments?
•	,	<ul> <li>How does the history of a nation help to shape its modern culture?</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>What is a revolution?</li> <li>Are revolutions the only method for change?</li> <li>What kind of changes emerge from these revolutions?</li> <li>Is political discord good for a nation?</li> </ul>

• What motivates revolutionary groups?

• Can an individual make a difference in

a reform movement?

history?

• Does militancy advance or retard the goals of

### **Inquiry Question(s):**

Why did revolutionaries during this time period choose to rise up against established social and political structures in the region?

- How did the desire for independence spread through Latin America?
- What are the effects of independence?
- What challenges did independence pose for Latin American countries?

# **Evidence of Learning (Assessments)** Pre-assessment Formative assessments • Case Study Mexican - American War • Revolutionary Biography Project Summative assessment • Revolution Storybook Project Students will know: (Goals) Students will be able to: (Teaching Points) In the 19th and 20th centuries, Latin America • Students will be able to recognize democratic saw several uprisings and revolutions, developments that change the history of Latin throwing the entire region into political and American countries (revolutions, treaties, social turmoil. foreign relations). While the Latin American region experienced Analyze and explain how art, music, and revolutions against the established political literature is a reflection of Latin American and social orders, local "heroes" and dictators society and history. rose up to establish new power bases and social regimes. Through the focus of localized power structures, Latin America once again became a focus of American imperialistic policies. Suggested Resources/Technology Tools Digital/Technology: Chromebooks **Projector** Relevant websites and digital sources G Suite for Education

Text Resources:

- o "Born in Blood and Fire" John Charles Chasteen
- o "Born in Blood and Fire" Latin American Voices Reader John Charles Chasteen
- o "Faces of Latin America" Duncan Green

☐ Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.

 Marquez - El ahogado mas hermoso del mundo audio book https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pPQfhrEXX2g

## 21ST CENTURY LIFE AND CAREER STANDARDS

<ul> <li>□ Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.</li> <li>□ Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.</li> <li>□ Demonstrate creativity and innovation.</li> <li>□ Employ valid and reliable research strategies.</li> <li>□ Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.</li> <li>□ Model integrity, ethical leadership, and effective management.</li> <li>□ Use technology to enhance productivity.</li> </ul>			
Suggestions of	on integrating these standards can be found at: <a href="http://www.state.nj.us/education/cccs/2014/career/9.pdf">http://www.state.nj.us/education/cccs/2014/career/9.pdf</a>		
	Unit 5		
Nationalisr	n and Revolution		
	Summary and Rationale		
With the start of the 20th century nationalist movements swept across Latin America. Nations wanted a Latin American nationalism that clearly defined who they were as well as celebrated their uniqueness. Very often these nationalists were considered revolutionaries. By the 1960s and 1970s dictators took control of many of the governments while the region dealt with the turbulent politics of the Cold War.			
	Recommended Pacing		
Tumber of weeks 6			
Standards			
nterdisciplina	ry Connections		
Social Studies			
5.2.12.C.4.d	Analyze the ways in which new forms of communication, transportation, and weaponry affected relationships between governments and their citizens and bolstered the power of new authoritarian regimes during this period.		

6.2.12.D.4.c	Assess the causes of revolution in the 20th century (i.e., in Russia, China, India, and Cuba), and determine the impact on global politics		
6.2.12.D.4.j	Analyze how the social, economic, and political roles of women were transformed during this time period		
6.2.12.B.5.a	Determine the impact of geography on decisions made by the Soviet Union and the United States to expand and protect their spheres of influence.		
6.2.12.B.5.c	Determine the impact of migration on the way of life (e.g., social, economic, and political structures) in countries of origin and in adopted countries		
6.2.12.C.5.d	Determine the challenges faced by developing nations in their efforts to compete in a global economy		
6.2.12.C.5.g	Evaluate the role of the petroleum industry in world politics, the global economy, and the environment		
6.2.12.D.5.a	Relate the lingering effects of colonialism to the efforts of Latin American, African, and Asian nations to build stable economies and national identities		
Language Arts	s		
RL.11-12.3.	Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).		
RL.11-12.4.	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (e.g., Shakespeare as well as other authors.)		
RL.11-12.5.	Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.		
RL.11-12.6.	Analyze a case in which grasping a point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).		
RL.11-12.9.	Demonstrate knowledge of and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early twentieth-century foundational works of literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.		
Reading: Info	rmational Text		
RI.11-12.1.	Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.), to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.		
RI.11-12.3.	Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.		

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• ,	
d reasoning and relevant ficance of the claim(s), t logically sequences voiding common logical e for each while pointing ledge level, concerns, ajor sections of the text, ons and evidence, and ate to the audience and d conventions of the pports the argument	
I information clearly and luce a topic; organize precedes it to create a altimedia when useful to and relevant facts, ropriate to the audience's najor sections of the text, precise language, mage the complexity of ose (e.g. formal and ipline in which they are ed (e.g., articulating	
Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. A. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events. B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. C. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution). D. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters. E. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.	
appropriate to task,	

W.11-12.5.	Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.	
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L.11-12.2.	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.  A. Observe hyphenation conventions.  B. Spell correctly.	
L.11-12.6.	Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.	
Social Justice		
ID.9-12.2	I know my family history and cultural background and can describe how my own identity is informed and shaped by my membership in multiple identity groups.	

DI.9-12.10	I understand that diversity includes the impact of unequal power relations on the development of group identities and cultures.		
	Instructional Focus		
Enduring Un	derstandings:	<b>Essential Questions:</b>	
The physical and human characteristics of Latin America today were shaped by forces of the past, including migration, colonization, revolution, and economic activity.		<ul> <li>How does the history of a nation help to shape its modern culture?</li> <li>How did nationalism affect political, economic, and social structures within the Latin American region?</li> <li>What is the meaning of freedom?</li> <li>Have reformers had a significant impact on the problems of society?</li> <li>Does militancy advance or retard the goals of a reform movement?</li> <li>Have reformers been successful in making government more responsive to the will of the people?</li> </ul>	
<b>Inquiry Ques</b>	stion(s):		

To what extent was it possible to achieve reform without violating a democratic constitution which happened to favour the status quo?

Sub Inquiry Can dictatorships be beneficial to the people?

#### **Evidence of Learning (Assessments)**

Pre-assessment

Formative assessments

• Case Study: Haiti and the US

Summative assessment

### **Objectives (SLO)**

Students will know: (Goals)

Students will be able to: (Teaching Points)

Students will learn how South America is differentiated economically due to the environment, other nations, and infrastructure. This differentiation creates a difference in lifestyles and living conditions.	<ul> <li>Analyze and explain how art, music, and literature is a reflection of Latin American society and history.</li> </ul>		
Students will learn that the interests of other nations, specifically the United States, often impacts the way of life in Latin American nations.	Understand how the environment plays a role in determining the development (including infrastructure) of a nation.		
Identify trends in politics and government throughout Latin America since their independence.			
Suggested Resources/Technology Tools			

- Digital/Technology:
  - o Chromebooks
  - Projector
  - o Relevant websites and digital sources
  - o G. Suite for Education
- Text Resources:
  - o "Born in Blood and Fire" John Charles Chasteen
  - "Born in Blood and Fire" Latin American Voices Reader John Charles Chasteen
  - o "Faces of Latin America" Duncan Green
  - o "El Estado de Bienestar: Gobierno de Juan Domingo Peron Argentina"
- Film
  - o "In the Time of Butterflies"
  - "Garage Olimpo"
  - o "Biography: Eva Peron"
  - o "Machuca"

## 21ST CENTURY LIFE AND CAREER STANDARDS

<ul> <li>□ Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.</li> <li>□ Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.</li> <li>□ Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.</li> <li>□ Demonstrate creativity and innovation.</li> <li>□ Employ valid and reliable research strategies.</li> <li>□ Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.</li> <li>□ Model integrity, ethical leadership, and effective management.</li> </ul>		
☐ Use te	chnology to enhance productivity.	
Suggestions o	n integrating these standards can be found at: <a href="http://www.state.nj.us/education/cccs/2014/career/9.pdf">http://www.state.nj.us/education/cccs/2014/career/9.pdf</a>	
	Unit 6	
Neoliberalis	sm & Latin America Today	
Summary and Rationale		
This unit will look into the climate of Latin America today and how global societies are diverse, creating varied perspectives, contributions, and challenges. Understand how the local, national, and international relationships contribute to global societies. Not only will the students understand the political, social and political climate of Latin America they will also look at the role Latinos play in the United States. Examining social and civic issues to help expand one's understanding of the world, its people, and themselves.		
Recommended Pacing		
Number of weeks 6		
Standards		
Interdisciplina	ry Connections	
Social Studies		
6.1.12.D.16.c	Determine past and present factors that led to the widening of the gap between the rich and poor, and evaluate how this has affected individuals and society	
6.2.8.D.4.g	Evaluate the importance and enduring legacy of the major achievements of the people living Asia, Africa (Islam), Europe and the Americas over time.	
6.2.12.D.3.b	Explain how industrialization and urbanization affected class structure, family life, the daily lives of men, women, and children, and the environment.	

6.2.12.A.5.e	Assess the progress of human and civil rights around the world since the 1948 U.N. Declaration of Human Rights.	
6.2.12.B.5.c	Determine the impact of migration on the way of life (e.g., social, economic, and political structures) in countries of origin and in adopted countries	
6.2.12.D.5.c	Assess the influence of television, the Internet, and other forms of electronic communication on the creation and diffusion of cultural and political information, worldwide.	
6.2.12.D.5.d	Analyze how feminist movements and social conditions have affected the lives of women in different parts of tworld, and evaluate women's progress toward social equality, economic equality, and political equality in vario countries.	
6.2.12.A.6.a	Evaluate the role of international cooperation and multinational organizations in attempting to solve global issues	
6.2.12.A.6.b	Analyze the relationships and tensions between national sovereignty and global interest in matters such as territory, economic development, use of natural resources, and human rights.	
6.2.12.B.6.a	Determine the global impact of increased population growth, migration, and changes in urban-rural populations on natural resources and land use.	
6.2.12.C.6.b	Compare and contrast demographic trends in industrialized and developing nations, and evaluate the potential impact of these trends on the economy, political stability, and use of resources.	
6.2.12.C.6.d	Determine how the availability of scientific, technological, and medical advances impacts the quality of life in different countries.	
6.2.12.D.6.a	Assess the role of increased personal and business electronic communications in creating a "global" culture, an evaluate the impact on traditional cultures and values.	
6.3.12.D.1	Analyze the impact of current governmental practices and laws affecting national security and/or individual civrights/ privacy.	
6.3.12.D.2	Analyze a current foreign policy issue by considering current and historical perspectives, examining strategies and presenting possible actions.	
Language Art	is s	
RL.11-12.3.	Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).	
RL.11-12.4.	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (e.g., Shakespeare as well as other authors.)	
RL.11-12.5.	Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.	
RL.11-12.6.	Analyze a case in which grasping a point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from	

	what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).	
RL.11-12.9.	Demonstrate knowledge of and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early twentieth-century foundational works of literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.	
Reading: Info	ormational Text	
RI.11-12.1.	Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.), to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	
RI.11-12.3.	Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.	
RI.11-12.5.	Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.	
RI.11-12.9.	Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) documents of historical and literary significance for their themes, purposes and rhetorical features, including primary source documents relevant to U.S. and/or global history.	
Writing		
W.11-12.1.	Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. A. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. B. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies and using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases. C. Use transitions (e.g. words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims. D. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. E. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).	
W.11-12.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. A. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. B. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. C. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic. E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are	

	writing. F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).	
W.11-12.3.	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. A. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events. B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. C. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution). D. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters. E. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.	
W.11-12.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	
W.11-12.5.	Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.	
W.11-12.6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.	
W.11-12.7.	Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	
W.11-12.10.	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes.	
Speaking and	Listening	
SL.11-12.2.	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.	
SL.11-12.4.	Present information, findings and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	
SL.11-12.5.	Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.	
Language		
L.11-12.1.	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.  A. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested.	
L.11-12.2.	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when	

	writing. A. Observe hyphenation conventions. B. Spell correctly.	
L.11-12.6.	Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.	
Social Justice		
ID.9-12.2	I know my family history and cultural background and can describe how my own identity is informed and shaped by my membership in multiple identity groups.	
ID.9-12.4	I express pride and confidence in my identity without perceiving or treating anyone else as inferior.	
DI.9-12.7	I have the language and knowledge to accurately and respectfully describe how people (including myself) are both similar to and different from each other and others in their identity groups.	
DI.9-12.9	I relate to and build connections with other people by showing them empathy, respect and understanding	
JU.9-12.12	I can recognize, describe and distinguish unfairness and injustice at different levels of society.	
JU.9-12.15	I can identify figures, groups, events and a variety of strategies and philosophies relevant to the history of social justice around the world.	
	Instru	ctional Focus
Enduring Understandings: Essential Questions:		
The physical and human characteristics of Latin America today were shaped by forces of the past, including migration, colonization, revolution, and economic activity.		<ul> <li>How does the history of a nation help to shape its modern culture?</li> <li>What constitutes a fair and effective immigration policy?</li> <li>Is new technology always better than that which it will replace?</li> <li>How do the various levels of technological development affect different cultures?</li> <li>How do my actions impact others in my community?</li> <li>What can we learn about a culture through its art forms?</li> </ul>

<ul> <li>What effect do people have on their</li> </ul>
environment?
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 How has the diverse geography of Latin America created diversity within the region and influenced its cultures?

#### **Inquiry Question(s):**

How are Latin American countries interdependent on each other and the global community for ideas, goods, and services?

- How does the culture of each region reflect its history?
- Why is it important to recognize cultural differences when considering a person's perspective?

#### **Evidence of Learning (Assessments)**

Pre-assessment

Formative assessments

- Brazilian Beat
- Diversity in the Caribbean
- Latin American Spirits Across the Ocean
- Voces sin fronteras Entre mundos ( a letter written in a school newspaper)

Summative assessment - Capstone

#### **Objectives (SLO)**

Students will know: (Goals)	Students will be able to: (Teaching Points)
How and why people are coming to America	Analyze and explain how art, music, and literature is a reflection of Latin American society and history.
How Latinos are involved in social justice	Understand how the environment plays a role in determining the development (including infrastructure) of a nation.
Students will learn that solving environmental problems is a difficult task in which pros and cons must be weighed.	•

Suggested Resources/Technology Tools	
<ul> <li>Digital/Technology:         <ul> <li>Chromebooks</li> <li>Projector</li> <li>Relevant websites and digital sources</li> <li>G. Suite for Education</li> </ul> </li> <li>Text Resources:         <ul> <li>"Born in Blood and Fire" John Charles Chasteen</li> <li>"Born in Blood and Fire" Latin American Voices Reader John Charles Chasteen</li> <li>"Faces of Latin America" Duncan Green</li> <li>"Harvest of Empire" Juan Gonzalez</li> <li>"Voces Sin Fronteras" Comics from the Latin American Youth Center</li> <li>Casa Freehold <a href="https://www.casafreehold.org">https://www.casafreehold.org</a></li> </ul> </li> <li>Film         <ul> <li>"Innocent Voices"</li> <li>"Memoria del Saqueo: A Social Genocide"</li> <li>"30 for 30: The Tale of Two Pablos"</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
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